Conv. 4 (call Me Sept, 23

Covid-19 Lesson

A.Matching(Vocabulary)
1.Wuhan
2.contagious
3.epidemiologist
4.social distancing
5.sumptoms
6.quarantine
7.flatten the curve
8.vaccine
9.pandemic
10.morbidity
11.mortality
12.cabin fever
13.sanitizer
14.precaution
15.side effects
a.liquid which helps kill germs
b.being dead(rate of)
c.possible problems from the vaccine(for example:headaches)
d.cure for a disease
e.keeping separate from other people(2 meters)
f.spreads easily
g.having a disease(rate of)
h.city in China where the covid-19 began
i.things you should do to avoid a disease
j.to stay inside to prevent spreading a disease or possible disease
k.tired of being inside
l.signs of sickness
m.disease which spreads to many places in the world
n.decrease the number of cases
o.person who studies immune diseases(doctor)
D. Anguar these questions

- B.Answer these questions
- 1. When did covid-19 start in Korea?
- 2. What's the difference between a pandemic and an epidemic?
- 3.Do you think President Moon has done a good job dealing with covid-19?(why or

why not?

4. What precautions should people take to stay healthy?(Name 3)

a.

b.

c.

5. How have people's lives change during the pandemic?(Yours and others)(Name 5 ways)

a.

b.

c.

d.

e.

BreakingNewsEnglish - The Mini Lesson

Certain smells take you back to your childhood

28th December, 2017



Scientists have found out why certain smells recall feelings of nostalgia and can recall distant memories. The scientists say an area of the brain is responsible for assigning memories to smells and for storing them

decades. The area can instantly recall the memories with great clarity years later if a person encounters the smell again. Christina Strauch, from the Ruhr University in Germany, said smells are stored in the olfactory brain. The word olfactory means anything related to the sense of smell. She said: "It is known that the piriform cortex is able to temporarily store olfactory memories. We wanted to know if that applies to long-term memories as well."

There are a multitude of scents that can transport us back to our childhood. Smells from cookies baking in the oven or the perfume of an elderly aunt can bring back surprising recollections of growing up. Professor Strauch said certain scents can take you away to another point in time. Strauch said some odours can make you wish you were actually back in a certain point of time, or make you want to escape. She said it depends on whether or not the smell has a positive or negative association. Aromatherapists partly depend on this for their patients. Smells can even encourage you to buy things in stores. Many stores introduce fragrances to shoppers to evoke nostalgic memories to buy things they loved years ago.

thehealthsite.com / psychologytoday.com / myrepublica.com

Writing

The sense of smell is one of the most important senses. Discuss.

Chat

Talk about these words from the article.

scientists / smells / nostalgia / memories / clarity brain / temporarily / long term transport / childhood / aunt / growing up / positive / negative / shoppers / years ago

True / False

- Scientists know nothing about the link between smells and memories. T / F
- The brain stores memories associated with smells for decades. T / F
- The researcher is from a university in Germany. T/F
- d) The researcher wants to know how the brain stores long-term memories. T / F
- The article says there are many smells that remind us of our childhood, T/F
- Odours never make you wish you were back in a moment in time. T / F
- g) Aromatherapists don't rely on smells with their patients. T / F
- The article says stores use fragrances to make shoppers walk faster. T / F

Synonym Match

(The words in **bold** are from the news article.)

1. certain

2. recall

meets

3. instantly

c. briefly

4. encounters

d. connection

large number

5. temporarily

remember e.

multitude

f. break free

7. scents

h. particular

bring to mind

8. escape

> i. aromas

q.

association

j. immediately

10. evoke

Discussion – Student A

- a) What are your favourite smells, and why?
- b) What do you think of perfume?
- What smells can you recollect from your c) childhood?
- How often do you get nostalgic about the d)
- e) What smells can you remember of your elementary school?
- f) Why is the sense of smell important?
- g) Do you have a good memory?
- h) What's your earliest memory?

Smells

- 1. What's nostalgia?
- 2. What do scientists say?
- 3. Where are smells stored?
- 4. What are some scents that can transports us back to our childhood?
- 5. What does Professor Strauch say about some odors? What does it depend on?
- 6. What are 3 other words for smell in the article?
- 7. What are 5 of your favorite smells?